## 2. Empty water from containers.



**3. Pets and livestock.** Empty and refill water bowls every few days. Add mosquito-eating fish to larger water troughs for livestock and horses.



4. Cover up and use an insect repellent.



**5. Keep mosquitoes out.** Install 18x18 mesh window and door screens and avoid propping doors open after dark.



6. Check for mosquitoes emerging from indoor water sources.

Flush toilets and run showers weekly if they are not used. Check swamp cooler systems, indoor plant saucers, "Lucky Bamboo" and flower vases for wriggling larvae.

THE UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE AND LIFE SCIENCES TUCSON, ARIZONA 85721

Any products, services or organizations that are mentioned, shown or indirectly implied in this publication do not imply endorsement by The University of Arizona.

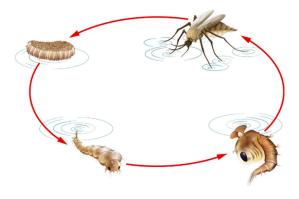
Issued in furtherance of Cooperative Extension work, acts of May 8 and June 30, 1914, in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Jeffrey C. Silvertooth, Associate Dean & Director, Extension & Economic Development, College of Agriculture Life Sciences, The University of Arizona.

The University of Arizona is an equal opportunity, affirmative action institution. The University of Arizona is an equal opportunity provider. Learn more at extension.arizona.edu/legal-disclaimer.



Mosquitoes (quick read)

Dawn H. Gouge, Shujuan Li, Shakunthala Nair, Maureen Brophy, Kathleen Walker, Pedro Andrade-Sanchez.

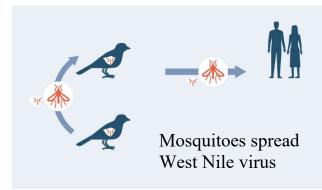


August 2020

Female mosquitoes bite people and other animals as they feed on blood.

Mosquitoes do <u>not</u> spread hepatitis, HIV or the coronavirus that causes COVID-19.

West Nile virus can be spread if an infected mosquito feeds on a person.



Mosquitoes that spread West Nile virus begin to bite at sundown and feed until sunrise.

Most people who get infected with West Nile virus do not get sick. But 1 in 5 people have symptoms:





Tiredness



Most people recover with rest and treatment at home. A few become very sick and the disease can be deadly.

Seek immediate medical attention if any of the following symptoms develop: a fever over 103°F (39.4°C), confusion, coma, physical jerking, weakness, loss of sight, numbness or paralysis.

## How to reduce mosquitoes and related illness

## 1. Drain or treat standing water.

Mosquito eggs hatch and the young grow in water. The best time to kill mosquitoes is before adults emerge and females start biting.

