

2015 Cotton insect losses questionnaire. Note: Questions on pages 1–2 are designed to orient the estimator to an overview prior to answering the pest questions on page 3a & b. Use separate columns for Non-Bt cotton & Bt cotton, or Pima cotton & Bt cotton, where applicable.	Response for:	
	Non-Bt Cotton	Bt Cotton
1. Your Name (this information will never be shared with anyone; ID purposes only)		
2. Reporting Area (County or Counties; e.g., Pinal Co.) - indicate %'s if you check in multiple counties		
2a. Subarea (farm or farms, or portion of County, etc.; West Pinal Co. or Stanfield or farm name)		
3. Date submitted (dd/mm/yy)		
4. Cotton Acreage to which this estimate applies. [ <b>Strike out "non-Bt" if you are responding for Pima cotton</b> ]		
5. Yield in pounds per acre for this acreage.		
6. Potential yield in pounds per acre for this acreage. Assume ideal conditions.		
7. Percent reduction in yield by WEATHER: % reduction:		
8. Percent reduction in yield by CHEMICAL INJURY: % reduction:		
9. Percent reduction in yield by All INSECTS combined: % reduction:		
9b. Percent reduction in yield by All WEEDS combined: % reduction:		
9c. Percent reduction in yield by All DISEASES combined: % reduction:		
9d. Percent reduction in yield by NEMATODES: % reduction:		
10. Percent reduction in yield by OTHER PESTS: % reduction: (Insert your list of other pests here, in margins or back of this document) _____		
11. Percent reduction in yield by OTHER FACTORS: % reduction: (Insert your list of other factors here, in margins or back of this document) _____		
16. Number of acres planted with <b>treated seed</b> for insect control.		
17. Cost of seed treatment per acre		
16b. Number of acres receiving planting time <b>in furrow</b> sprays for early season insects.		
17b. Cost of 'in furrow sprays' /acre: 'in furrow'		
17c. Number of acres treated with a residual herbicide ( <b>as pre- or at planting</b> ):		
18. Number of acres planted to transgenic Bt cotton <b>that is not stacked with a herbicide tolerant trait</b> :		
19. Cost of just the Bt trait per acre of Bt cotton (leave blank if you don't know):		
25b) What percentage of foliar applications for ALL COTTONS are reported to the state on form L-1080?	<i>Before Lay-by</i>	<i>After Lay-by</i>
A) Insecticides / miticides?		
B) Herbicides?		
C) Fungicides?		
D) Nematicides?		

*Technologies =>	Bollgard II	BGI/Flex	BGI/LL	BGI/Glyto	Widestrike	W/Flex	Widestrike3	TL/HT	TL Plus/HT	HT Only	Organic	Non-transgenic*
Acres planted to:												

*\*LL=LibertyLink; W=Widestrike; TL=TwinLink; HT=Herbicide tolerant; Should total 100% of your acreage; Non-transgenic=conventional cotton.*

Applications: Acreage treated by air or ground should not exceed more than 100% each (but when combined may total up to 200%). These questions pertain to FOLIAR INSECTICIDE applications only.	Response for:	
	Non-Bt Cotton	Bt Cotton
20. Percent acres (for this estimate) treated by air this year:		
21. Cost per acre for aerial applications:		
22. Average number of treatments by air:		
23. Percent acres (for this estimate) treated by ground this year:		
24. Cost per acre for ground applications:		
25. Average number of treatments by ground:		
<b>Pest Management Fees: Estimate the cost of pest management fees paid by farmers to advisory personnel: crop consultants, fieldmen and/or advisors.</b>		
26. Number of acres for which there was a pest monitor, consultant, or crop advisor this year. Confine your estimate to pest management (exclude agronomic, water use and other crop management advice).		
27. Number of field visits per week:		
28. Estimated cost per acre for pest management advisory by scouted acre:		

**Pest Questions:** Please answer each of the questions on the next pages for your reporting area. Take notice that acres planted, acres infested, and acres treated may be different. Infested acres are those on which insects were reported. Estimates on number of applications should be based on treated acres. Percent yield reduction should include infested acres (whether treated or not). Estimates will be converted to a weighted average for the entire planted acreage. Always keep in mind the acreage for which you are making the estimate, but realize that it will be combined with other areas in your state and finally in the nation to make a national estimate. A working example is given in the Powerpoint handout; please review it before answering the questions on next page.

# See Example Sheet & Instructions

# Cotton Insect Losses

page 3a

Please enter a number (could be zero) in every cell under infested acres (a), treated acres (b), and percent reduction (e).	(a) Number* of acres infested by this pest:		(b) Number* of acres treated for this pest:		(c) No. of insecticide applications required to control this pest:		(d) Cost of 1 application / acre (include application cost):		(e) Percent reduction in yield due to this pest:	
	Non-Bt	Bt	Non-Bt	Bt	Non-Bt	Bt	Non-Bt	Bt	Non-Bt	Bt
Type of Cotton ==>										
Aphids										
Bagrada bug										
Brown Stink Bug										
Other Stink bugs										
Bandedwing whitefly										
Beet armyworm										
Boll weevil										
Bollworm/budworm										
Cabbage loopers										
Cotton fleahopper										
Cotton leafperforator										
Cutworms										
Darkling Beetles										
Fall armyworm										
Grasshoppers										
Lygus bug										
Pale-Striped Flea Beetle										
Pink bollworm										
Salt-marsh caterpillar										
Silverleaf (Sweetpotato) whitefly										
Spider mites										
Thrips/Western flower thrips										
Other (specify)										
Acreage never sprayed foliarly for insects										

\*Number of acres or percentages are both acceptable, but please be consistent.

# Historically, how have you used the following insecticides?\*

\*One brand name is provided as an example only; in some cases, there are many products containing the same active ingredient.

Insecticide/Miticide	Check one				Primary Target Pests
	Never	Rarely (not every year)	Often (every year)	"Go to" Product	
acephate (Orthene) .....	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	_____
acetamiprid (Intruder) .....	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	_____
avermectin (Zephyr) .....	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	_____
bifenazate (Acramite) .....	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	_____
bifenthrin (Brigade/Capture) ..	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	_____
buprofezin (Courier) .....	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	_____
chlorpyrifos (Lorsban) .....	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	_____
clothianidin (Belay) .....	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	_____
cyfluthrin (Baythroid) .....	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	_____
dicrotophos (Bidrin) .....	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	_____
dicofol (Kelthane) .....	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	_____
diflubenzuron (Dimilin) .....	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	_____
dimethoate .....	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	_____
dinotefuran (Venom) .....	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	_____
emamectin benzoate (Denim) ..	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	_____
esfenvalerate (Asana) .....	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	_____
etoxazole (Zeal) .....	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	_____
fenpropathrin (Danitol) .....	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	_____
fenpyroximate (Fujimite) .....	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	_____
flonicamid (Carbine) .....	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	_____
imidacloprid (Provado) .....	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	_____
indoxacarb (Steward) .....	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	_____
lambda-cyhalothrin (Warrior) ..	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	_____
methomyl (Lannate) .....	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	_____
oxamyl (Vydate C-LV) .....	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	_____
profenofos (Curacron) .....	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	_____
propargite (Comite) .....	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	_____
pyriproxyfen (Knack) .....	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	_____
spiromesifen (Oberon) .....	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	_____
sulfoxaflor (Transform) .....	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	_____
sulfur .....	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	_____
thiamethoxam (Centric) .....	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	_____
zeta-cypermethrin (Mustang) ..	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	_____
Other _____	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	_____

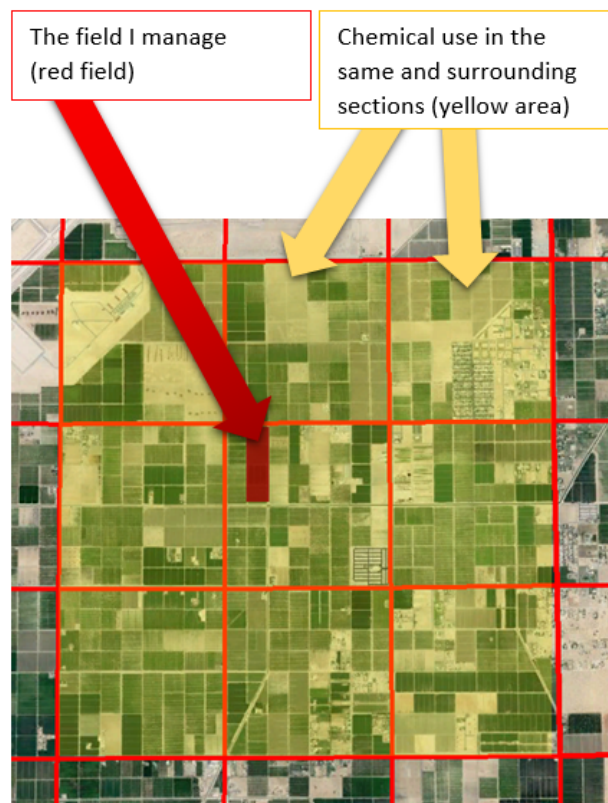
# For this year, indicate your insecticide usage in % acres treated, no. of sprays and target pest(s) for each product & each cotton technology

*\*One brand name is provided as an example only; in some cases, there are many products containing the same active ingredient.*

<u>Insecticide/Miticide</u>	<u>Target Pest(s)</u>	<u>%Acres Treated</u>		<u>No. of Sprays</u>		<u>% Reported to ADA on 1080</u>
		<u>Non-BT</u>	<u>BT</u>	<u>Non-BT</u>	<u>BT</u>	
acephate (Orthene) .....	_____					
acetamiprid (Intruder) .....	_____					
avermectin (Zephyr) .....	_____					
bifenazate (Acramite) .....	_____					
bifenthrin (Brigade/Capture) ·	_____					
buprofezin (Courier) .....	_____					
chlorpyrifos (Lorsban) .....	_____					
clothianidin (Belay) .....	_____					
cyfluthrin (Baythroid) .....	_____					
dicrotophos (Bidrin) .....	_____					
dicofol (Kelthane) .....	_____					
diflubenzuron (Dimilin) .....	_____					
dimethoate .....	_____					
dinotefuran (Venom) .....	_____					
emamectin benzoate (Denim)	_____					
esfenvalerate (Asana) .....	_____					
etoxazole (Zeal) .....	_____					
fenpropathrin (Danitol) .....	_____					
fenpyroximate (Fujimite) .....	_____					
flonicamid (Carbine) .....	_____					
imidacloprid (Provado) .....	_____					
indoxacarb (Steward) .....	_____					
lambda-cyhalothrin (Warrior)	_____					
methomyl (Lannate) .....	_____					
oxamyl (Vydate C-LV) .....	_____					
profenofos (Curacron) .....	_____					
propargite (Comite) .....	_____					
pyriproxyfen (Knack) .....	_____					
spiromesifen (Oberon) .....	_____					
sulfoxaflor (Transform) .....	_____					
sulfur .....	_____					
thiamethoxam (Centric) .....	_____					
zeta-cypermethrin (Mustang)	_____					
Other _____	_____					

## Knowledge of Prior Year's Sprays

1. To what degree **were you knowledgeable** about last year's insecticide use in the Sections surrounding fields for which you made insecticide recommendations this year? (See image below)
  - a.  Extremely knowledgeable (81 – 100%)
  - b.  Very knowledgeable (61 – 80%)
  - c.  Somewhat knowledgeable (41 – 60%)
  - d.  Don't know much (21 – 40%)
  - e.  Know very little (1 – 20%)
  - f.  Know nothing (0%)
  
2. To what degree does your knowledge about last year's chemical use in the Sections surrounding your field **influence your insecticide recommendation** for whitefly control? (See image below)
  - a.  It is something I always consider
  - b.  81 to 99% of the time
  - c.  61 to 80% of the time
  - d.  41 to 60% of the time
  - e.  21 to 40% of the time
  - f.  1 to 20% of the time
  - g.  It is not something I consider



# Cotton Weed Losses, All Species

page 3b

Provide <u>ALL</u> information for your top 5 weeds <u>only</u> !	Rank* your top 5 weeds this year					(a) Number of acres infested by this pest:	(b) Number of acres treated for this pest:	(c) No. of applications required to control this pest:	(d) Cost of 1 application / acre (include application cost):	(e) Percent reduction in yield due to this pest:
	1	2	3	4	5	<i>Example: --&gt;158 acres</i>	<i>75 acres</i>	<i>0.25 sprays</i>	<i>\$56.25</i>	<i>1.50%</i>
purple nutsedge	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>					
yellow nutsedge	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>					
barnyardgrass	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>					
bermudagrass	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>					
brome	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>					
crabgrass	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>					
goosegrass	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>					
johnsongrass	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>					
junglerice	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>					
sprangletop	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>					
cocklebur	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>					
devil's claw	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>					
field bindweed	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>					
kochia	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>					
lambsquarter	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>					
little mallow (cheeseweed)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>					
morningglory	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>					
nettleleaf goosefoot	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>					
Palmer amaranth	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>					
prostrate pigweed	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>					
tumble pigweed	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>					
prickly lettuce	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>					
puncturevine	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>					
horse purslane	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>					
purslane	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>					
Russian thistle	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>					
silverleaf nightshade	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>					
spurge	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>					
spurred anoda	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>					
velvetleaf	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>					
Wright groundcherry	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>					
Other _____	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>					

Notes: Just for your top 5 (FIVE) weeds, please enter a number (could be zero) in every cell under infested acres (a), treated acres (b), and percent reduction (c).

\*1 = your worst weed

12/2015

# Cotton Weed Losses, By Weed Group

page 3c

Please enter a number (could be zero) in every cell under infested acres (a), treated acres (b), and percent reduction (e).	(a) Number of acres infested by this pest:	(b) Number of acres treated for this pest:	(c) No. of applications required to control this pest:	(d) Cost of 1 application / acre (include application cost):	(e) Percent reduction in yield due to this pest:
	<i>Example: --&gt; 178 acres</i>	<i>155 acres</i>	<i>0.2 sprays</i>	<i>\$34.05</i>	<i>0.60%</i>
	Grasses				
	Broad leaves				
	Sedges				

	<u>% of Acres*</u>	<u>Preferred Products (Write in Product Names)</u>
	<i>Example: --&gt; 92%</i>	<i>Weed-O Xtra</i>
<b>Herbicide Practices*</b>		
3c1–4. On what percentage (%) of acres did your growers use:		
... a preemergence herbicide?		
... an Early POST/topical herbicide?		
... a Mid-POST herbicide?		
... a Layby/Post direct broadcast herbicide?		
<b>Tank Mixtures*</b>		
3c5–8. On what percentage (%) of acres did your growers use:		
... tank mixed herbicides during PRE?		
... tank mixed herbicides during Early POST/topical?		
... tank mixed herbicides during Mid-POST?		
... tank mixed herbicides during Layby/Post direct broadcast?		
<b>Tillage/Cultivation*</b>		
3c9–12. On what percentage (%) of acres did your growers use:		
... preseason tillage?		
... Early POST cultivation?		
... Mid POST cultivation?		
... Layby cultivation?		

*For any question for which you do not know the farmers' practices or cannot estimate, please fill in with an 'X'.*



## Palmer Amaranth Losses and Management

page 3d

Please enter a number (could be zero) in every cell under infested acres (a), treated acres (b), and percent reduction (e).	(a) Number of acres infested by this pest:	(b) Number of acres treated for this pest:	(c) No. of applications required to control this pest:	(d) Cost of 1 application / acre (include application cost):	(e) Percent reduction in yield due to this pest:
	<i>Example: --&gt; 124 acres</i>	<i>45 acres</i>	<i>1.1 sprays</i>	<i>\$41.05</i>	<i>2.10%</i>
Palmer amaranth					

	% of Acres*	Preferred Products (Write in Product Names)
	<i>Example: --&gt; 45%</i>	<i>WeedBGone Now+</i>
<b><u>In-field Palmer Amaranth Control Practices*</u></b>		
3d1–5. On what percentage (%) of acres did your growers:		
... use a <b>preplant/preemergence herbicide</b> to control Palmer Amaranth?		
... use <b>cultivation</b> to control Palmer Amaranth?		
... use <b>hand weeding</b> to control Palmer Amaranth?		
... use <b>glyphosate exclusively</b> to control Palmer Amaranth?		
... <b>have trouble controlling</b> Palmer Amaranth?		

*For any question for which you do not know the farmers' practices or cannot estimate, please fill in with an 'X'.*

### **Palmer Amaranth in Adjacent Habitat**

3d6–10. Approximately what % kill of Palmer amaranth growing on field margins, irrigation ditches, waste areas, etc. was accomplished by your growers:

	<b><u>none</u></b>	<b><u>1–25%</u></b>	<b><u>25–50%</u></b>	<b><u>51–75%</u></b>	<b><u>76–100%</u></b>	<b><u>Don't know</u></b>
...with <b>glyphosate alone</b> ?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
...with <b>tank mixtures that include glyphosate</b> ?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
...with <b>herbicides other than glyphosate</b> ?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
...by <b>flaming, diesel, or oils</b> ?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
...by <b>mechanical means</b> (including hand-weeding)?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

### **Other Palmer Questions**

	<b><u>none</u></b>	<b><u>1–25%</u></b>	<b><u>25–50%</u></b>	<b><u>51–75%</u></b>	<b><u>76–100%</u></b>	<b><u>Don't know</u></b>
3d11–12. What percentage (%):						
... of your growers' Palmer amaranth <b>reached flowering</b> prior to death or removal?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
... of the time do your growers <b>clean equipment after use</b> in Palmer infested fields?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

*\*One brand name is provided as an example only; in some cases, there are many products containing the same active ingredient.*

## Herbicide

[illegible][illegible]